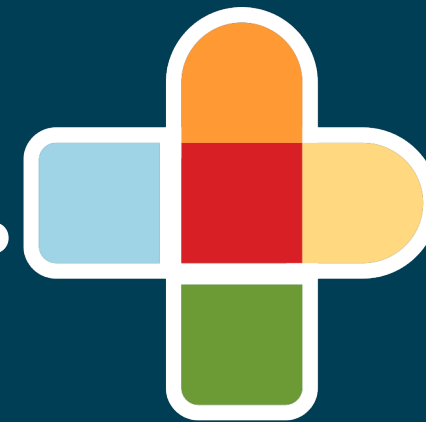


CHAI Assurance Standards Guide

**AI THAT SERVES ALL OF US.**



# CHAI ASSURANCE STANDARDS GUIDE

The CHAI Assurance Standards Guide provides comprehensive guidance on quality and ethics for AI in healthcare. This guide was created by patient advocates, technology developers, clinicians, and data scientists, who worked together to create a common framework for AI standards in healthcare, based on real-world practices. This guide is designed for a wide audience, including stakeholders who are involved in the AI design, development, deployment, and usage processes.

The purpose of this guide is to ensure that AI technologies used in healthcare are reliable, safe, and effective. It combines existing standards into a coherent framework, providing practical considerations for applying these standards in day-to-day operations. By covering key principles such as usefulness, fairness, safety, transparency, and security, the guide aims to support the ethical development and implementation of AI solutions in healthcare.



# INTRODUCTION

AI has the potential to revolutionize healthcare by enabling sophisticated analysis of vast datasets, transforming patient care and administrative processes. However, AI also carries risks, including bias and the potential to perpetuate social inequities. Despite numerous guidelines, actionable standards are needed to ensure that AI in healthcare is safe, effective, and equitable.

Healthcare has long used data-driven algorithms to assist clinical decision-making and enhance administrative processes. With recent progress in AI, a new range of opportunities has arisen, allowing more advanced analysis of large datasets. AI in healthcare can be described as the use of algorithmic systems for a variety of tasks, such as decision support, diagnosis, treatment planning, medical imaging analysis, patient monitoring, clinical notetaking, precision medicine, and various administrative processes.

However, the rapid advancement of AI technology has also brought new challenges. Without shared standards of practice, there is a risk that AI could exacerbate existing disparities in healthcare, deepening the divide in accessibility and outcomes. The lack of standardization also poses challenges for technology developers and health systems, who must navigate a fragmented landscape of guidelines and regulations.

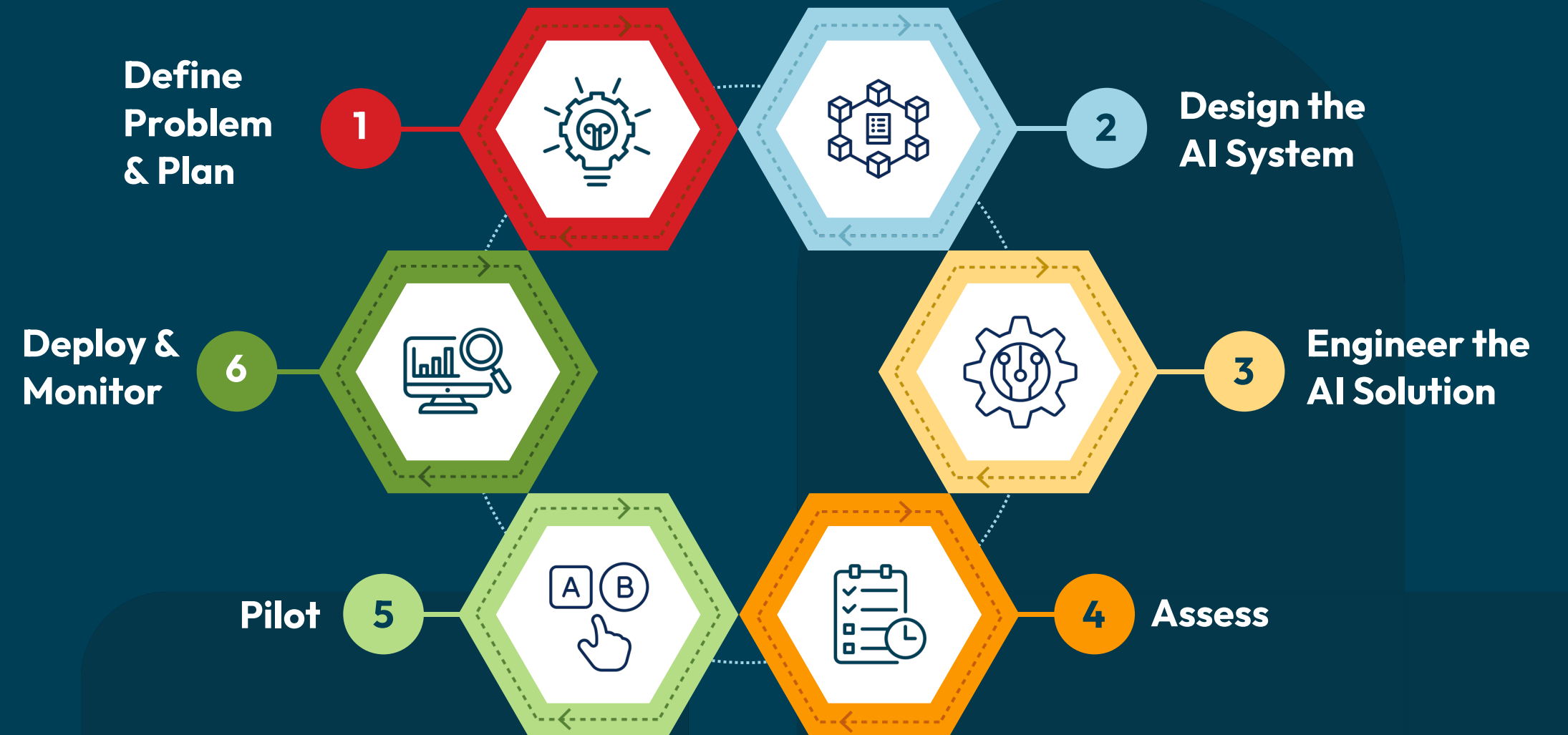
The CHAI Assurance Standards Guide is a significant step toward greater collaboration and alignment across the landscape of health AI. By translating core principles into practical considerations and anchoring those considerations to real-world use cases, the guide provides a concrete approach to bridging the gap between standards and practice.



# THE AI LIFECYCLE

The AI lifecycle is central to understanding and implementing CHAI's Assurance Standards in healthcare. The six-step lifecycle outlines the essential stages and processes involved in developing, deploying, and maintaining AI systems.

By systematically addressing each phase of the lifecycle, the framework ensures that AI systems adhere to the highest standards of safety, efficacy, fairness, transparency, and security. This structured approach supports risk mitigation, managing biases, and promotes accountability and trustworthiness in AI applications.



- |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <p><b>1</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Engage stakeholders to define the problem &amp; perform root-cause analysis</li> <li>Identify solution &amp; plan future state</li> <li>Gather business requirements</li> <li>Assess feasibility, potential for impact, &amp; prioritization</li> <li>Make procure/build/partner decision</li> </ul> | <p><b>2</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Select/understand model task &amp; architecture</li> <li>Capture design &amp; technical requirements or determine best solution to meet business requirements</li> <li>Design solution application &amp; system workflow according to human-centered design principles</li> <li>Design deployment strategy with end users</li> <li>Design risk management, monitoring &amp; reporting plan</li> </ul> | <p><b>3</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Access data</li> <li>Prepare data</li> <li>Develop data management plan</li> <li>Train &amp; tune model</li> </ul> | <p><b>4</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Conduct installation qualification (when applicable)</li> <li>Validate local system performance (when applicable)</li> <li>Execute prospective, silent evaluation</li> <li>Establish risk management plan</li> <li>Train end users</li> <li>Test usefulness</li> <li>Ensure compliance with applicable healthcare regulations &amp; standards</li> </ul> | <p><b>5</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Implement small-scale pilot to assess real-world impact</li> <li>Execute and update risk management plan</li> <li>Educate &amp; train users on AI application reporting</li> <li>Assess usefulness and adoption</li> </ul> | <p><b>6</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Deploy at a larger scale on a general population</li> <li>Audit AI system to inform whether to maintain, refine or sunset</li> <li>Conduct ongoing risk management</li> </ul> |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

# BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE AI LIFECYCLE

## Define Problem and Plan

Identify the problem, understand stakeholder needs, evaluate feasibility, and decide whether to build, buy, or partner.

In this stage, the goal is to understand the specific problem an AI system is addressing. This involves conducting surveys, interviews, and research to find root causes. Teams will then decide whether to build a solution in-house, buy it, or partner with another organization.

## Design the AI System

Capture technical requirements, design system workflow, and plan deployment strategy.

During design, the focus is on specifying what a system needs to do and how it will fit into a healthcare workflow. This involves defining requirements, designing the system, and planning for deployment & monitoring to ensure it meets the needs of providers and users.

## Engineer the AI Solution

Develop and validate the AI model, prepare data, and plan for operational deployment.

This stage involves building an AI solution. The team will collect and prepare data, train AI models, and develop an interface for users. The goal is to create a functional AI system that can be tested and evaluated for accuracy and effectiveness.

## Assess

Conduct local validation, establish a risk management plan, train end users, and ensure compliance.

The assessment stage tests AI systems to decide if they're ready for a pilot launch. This includes validating the system, training users, and ensuring it meets healthcare standards and regulations. The aim is to confirm that the system works correctly and is safe to use.

## Pilot

Implement a small-scale pilot, monitor real-world impact, and update risk management.

In this stage, the AI systems are tested in real-world settings at a small scale. The goal is to evaluate its performance, user acceptance, and overall impact. Based on the results, the team will decide whether to proceed with a larger-scale deployment.

## Deploy and Monitor

Deploy the AI solution at scale, conduct ongoing monitoring, and maintain quality assurance.

The final stage involves deploying AI systems at a larger scale and monitoring their performance. This ensures systems stay effective and can be adjusted as needed – maintaining high quality and reliability in healthcare.



## THE CORE PRINCIPLES FOR TRUSTWORTHY HEALTH AI



### Rationale

Before we describe the core principles of trustworthy AI, it's important to discuss why they are needed in the first place. In healthcare, ethics and quality are translated into practice through standards that guide risk-benefit assessments. These standards help ensure that each AI solution is thoroughly evaluated. By following these guidelines, organizations can perform comprehensive testing and local validation to assess the usefulness of AI solutions.

The importance of weighing risks and benefits can vary depending on the AI solution's context and purpose. For example, an AI tool for diagnosing life-threatening conditions like breast cancer requires more rigorous safety checks compared to one designed for health administrative tasks. Factors such as patient population, the severity of health issues, and the importance of the healthcare decision play a role in this assessment. Additionally, if users lack necessary knowledge to understand its output, this presents a risk that must be carefully managed.

Organizations will weigh these risks and benefits differently based on their risk tolerance, which is the level of risk they are willing to accept to achieve a desired outcome. For instance, higher risks might be acceptable in cancer treatment trials if the potential benefits are significant. Risk tolerance varies based on an organization's environment, culture, and values.



## THE CORE PRINCIPLES FOR TRUSTWORTHY HEALTH AI



### Governance

AI governance within organizations ensures that standards based on quality and ethics are implemented effectively. Beyond local oversight, governance structures ensure independent reviews of AI solutions, meeting ethical standards and achieving high-quality outcomes. These structures drive accountability through standard operating procedures (SOPs) and clear role definitions.

Safety and security oversight should be placed high enough within the organization to enable prompt decision-making regarding resources, risk mitigation, incident response, and potential rollback of AI systems. Organizational stakeholders should establish clear governance policies to manage risks and changes, considering the organization's mission, risk tolerance, and legal obligations. Additionally, organizations need a bias management framework to evaluate AI fairness and equity throughout its lifecycle. This involves clear role definitions and accountability, including independent audits.

Proper training for those involved in AI selection, development, and deployment is crucial, focusing on ethics, quality, intended use, risks, and limitations. Risks should be framed by organizational standards for adverse events, allowing for appropriate risk assessment. Finally, organizations should ensure transparency and AI intelligibility to the public to enhance trust and awareness.

# THE CORE PRINCIPLES FOR TRUSTWORTHY HEALTH AI



## Usefulness, Usability & Efficacy

AI solutions should be beneficial, reliable, and improve user experience. They must solve specific problems and show clear benefits for patients and healthcare providers, such as better clinical outcomes and patient satisfaction. Usability means the AI should be easy to use and fit well into existing workflows. Efficacy ensures the AI achieves its goals and continues to perform well through ongoing testing and monitoring.



## Fairness, Equity & Bias Management

AI solutions must be fair and work equally well for all demographic groups. Fairness means the AI's performance should be consistent across different groups, and outcomes should not depend on protected attributes like race or gender. Equity involves ensuring that AI solutions help reduce health disparities. Bias management includes regularly checking and correcting any biases in the data or AI system to promote fairness and equity.



## Safety & Reliability

AI solutions should not harm patients or healthcare providers. This involves thorough testing and risk assessments before implementation, and continuous monitoring to detect and address any safety issues. Clear accountability and governance structures must be in place to ensure the AI system remains safe and reliable throughout its use.



## Transparency, Intelligibility & Accountability

Stakeholders need clear and understandable information about AI systems and their outputs. Transparency involves sharing how the AI system works and its limitations. Intelligibility ensures stakeholders can understand the AI's decision-making processes. Accountability means being responsible for minimizing harm and addressing any negative impacts of the AI system.



## Security & Privacy

AI systems must protect data confidentiality and integrity with strong security measures. This includes preventing unauthorized access and data breaches, and ensuring personal data is handled in compliance with privacy regulations. Organizations should have protocols for monitoring security and privacy, and for addressing any incidents, to keep data safe and maintain trust.



## IMPORTANCE OF INDEPENDENT REVIEW

Independent quality assurance is critical for ensuring the safety, efficacy, and trustworthiness of AI systems in healthcare. This process uncovers technical flaws, biases, and unintended behaviors that developers may overlook. By adhering to clear standards and benchmarks, AI solution developers can ensure transparency and accountability, ultimately building public trust.

Healthcare has a strong history of quality assurance and independent review standards for medications and devices, governed by the FDA in the US. This rigorous process of external review protects public health and safety by setting quality standards, ensuring safety and efficacy, and providing independent oversight.

To achieve the goals of independent quality assurance, AI solution developers must adopt clear standards and benchmarks for evaluating AI solutions on measures of safety, reliability, bias, fairness, and efficacy.

Transparency regarding data used to develop models, AI methods, and validation processes are essential for accountability and public trust. Additionally, iterative review and data sharing support continuous learning and evaluation, promoting the long-term safety and efficacy of AI systems.

Independent review involves engaging third-party organizations to assess the performance and safety of AI systems. These organizations can provide an objective perspective, identifying potential issues that developers may have missed. Regular independent reviews can help ensure that AI systems continue to meet quality standards and operate safely and effectively.

Organizations should establish processes for conducting independent reviews at various stages of the AI lifecycle. This includes pre-implementation reviews to assess the design and development of AI systems, as well as post-implementation reviews to monitor ongoing performance and address any issues that arise. Independent reviews should be conducted by experts with the necessary technical and domain knowledge to evaluate the AI system thoroughly.

Transparency in the review process is essential for building trust in AI systems. Organizations should provide clear documentation of the review process, including the criteria used for evaluation, the findings of the review, and the actions taken to address any issues identified. This documentation should be accessible to all stakeholders, including patients, healthcare providers, and regulators.

Stage 1 - Define Problem & Plan

Usefulness, Usability & Efficacy	Fairness, Equity & Bias Management	Safety	Transparency, Intelligibility & Accountability	Security & Privacy
<p>Clearly explain the problem and why the AI solution is necessary</p> <hr/> <p>Assess how the AI will fit into existing workflows</p> <hr/> <p>Evaluate the benefits, risks, and costs of the AI solution</p> <hr/> <p>Determine if end users will trust the AI solution</p> <hr/> <p>Involve clinical experts in the AI's development and validation</p> <hr/>	<p>Ensure the AI solution does not disadvantage any groups</p> <hr/> <p>Establish how fairness will be evaluated</p> <hr/> <p>Develop a strategy to monitor and mitigate biases</p> <hr/> <p>Identify socio-demographic groups at risk of bias</p> <hr/> <p>Identify potential types and sources of bias</p> <hr/>	<p>Identify potential harms and risks</p> <hr/> <p>Establish clear criteria for the patient population</p> <hr/> <p>Ensure both developer and implementer are responsible for safety</p> <hr/> <p>Ensure compliance with federal and local regulations</p> <hr/> <p>Address ethical and legal challenges</p> <hr/>	<p>Ensure there is a clear reason for using AI over non-AI solutions</p> <hr/> <p>Document the intended use and users of the AI solution</p> <hr/> <p>Make project and model information accessible to all stakeholders</p> <hr/> <p>Keep thorough documentation of the AI solution</p> <hr/> <p>Clearly communicate potential risks to end users and patients</p> <hr/>	<p>Maintain complete documentation of AI systems and data</p> <hr/> <p>Establish and maintain policies to manage AI privacy and security risks</p> <hr/> <p>Clearly define the AI's purpose and ensure it aligns with organizational goals</p> <hr/> <p>Conduct initial privacy and security risk assessments</p> <hr/> <p>Regularly update risk as</p> <hr/>

Stage 2: Design the AI System

Usefulness, Usability & Efficacy	Fairness, Equity & Bias Management	Safety	Transparency, Intelligibility & Accountability	Security & Privacy
<p>Ensure usability is considered and documented</p> <hr/> <p>Document robustness testing and trust-building measures</p> <hr/> <p>Assess differences between development and implementation environments</p> <hr/>	<p>Ensure real-world outcomes are fair across all groups</p> <hr/> <p>Identify and document limitations and risks</p> <hr/> <p>Create easy and effective feedback mechanisms</p> <hr/> <p>Ensure all stakeholders review and approve implementation processes</p> <hr/>	<p>Ensure users can control and override AI recommendations</p> <hr/> <p>Establish processes for error disclosure and legal considerations</p> <hr/> <p>Plan risk management from conception to deployment</p> <hr/> <p>Determine if deployment constitutes HSR and meet IRB requirements</p> <hr/> <p>Establish a monitoring process for AEs and SAEs</p> <hr/> <p>Label AI models with development and limitation information</p> <hr/> <p>Define procedures for reporting flaws and safety concerns</p> <hr/> <p>Ensure the AI system allows for human oversight and intervention</p> <hr/> <p>Include end users in the design process</p> <hr/>	<p>Compare the AI system to the benchmarks and document predictors and validation methods</p> <hr/> <p>Define clear and understandable decision thresholds</p> <hr/> <p>Ensure documentation considers end user knowledge</p> <hr/> <p>Assess performance across demographic groups and ensure explainability</p> <hr/>	<p>Trace AI system requirements to privacy and security risks</p> <hr/> <p>Implement user access control policies</p> <hr/> <p>Use privacy-enhancing technologies (PETs) to mitigate privacy and cybersecurity risks</p> <hr/> <p>Consider privacy preferences and contextual factors in design</p> <hr/>

### Stage 3 - Engineer the AI Solution

Usefulness, Usability, & Efficacy	Fairness, Equity, & Bias Management	Safety	Transparency, Intelligibility, & Accountability	Security & Privacy
<p>Assess data quality and integrity</p> <hr/> <p>Consider bias and fairness during feature extraction</p> <hr/> <p>Ensure data availability for model training matches deployment</p> <hr/>	<p>Justify use of protected attributes</p> <hr/> <p>Address disparities between training data and target population</p> <hr/> <p>Define and assess socio-demographic subgroups</p> <hr/> <p>Assess data quality by socio-demographic factors</p> <hr/> <p>Evaluate proxies and composite scores for bias</p> <hr/> <p>Examine robustness of data representation</p> <hr/> <p>Ensure local data is representative for model tuning</p> <hr/> <p>Document training and test data for fairness and bias</p> <hr/>	<p>Ensure training data represents the deployment population</p> <hr/> <p>Monitor data quality and dataset drifts</p> <hr/> <p>Trace complaints, ethical concerns, and safety risks</p> <hr/> <p>Apply clear inclusion/exclusion criteria</p> <hr/> <p>Implement proper access controls and audit trails</p> <hr/> <p>Ensure stakeholders understand roles in data quality</p> <hr/> <p>Establish safety monitoring for adverse events</p> <hr/> <p>Label AI models with development information</p> <hr/>	<p>Plan data security and scalability</p> <hr/> <p>Ensure transparency in data monitoring</p> <hr/> <p>Include socio-demographic information and diversity details</p> <hr/> <p>Document data provenance and limitations</p> <hr/> <p>Document data lineage</p> <hr/> <p>Implement version control for datasets</p> <hr/> <p>Assess patient impact and need for consent</p> <hr/> <p>Ensure transparency in data manipulation rationale</p> <hr/>	<p>Implement controls for privacy and security requirements</p> <hr/> <p>Ensure data management policies address privacy and cybersecurity risks</p> <hr/> <p>Protect against unauthorized access and data leaks</p> <hr/> <p>Ensure data inputs and provenance support accuracy and manage bias</p> <hr/> <p>Protect development and production environments with secure user access</p> <hr/>

Stage 4: Assess

Usefulness, Usability, & Efficacy	Fairness, Equity, & Bias Management	Safety	Transparency, Intelligibility, & Accountability	Security & Privacy
<p>Ensure AI integrates into workflows</p> <hr/> <p>Reassess if the AI addresses the problem</p> <hr/> <p>Reevaluate AI usability</p> <hr/> <p>Facilitate trust through risk-benefit assessment</p> <hr/> <p>Tailor AI to specific work contexts</p> <hr/>	<p>Evaluate fairness and bias across subgroups</p> <hr/> <p>Ensure training and test datasets are independent</p> <hr/> <p>Assess model performance and parity across subgroups</p> <hr/> <p>Consider broader measures of performance and impact</p> <hr/>	<p>Evaluate local performance and safety</p> <hr/> <p>Implement risk management and assessment methods</p> <hr/> <p>Triage and report risks to the implementer and developer</p> <hr/> <p>Conduct verification and validation activities</p> <hr/> <p>Ensure transparency of validation methods and results</p> <hr/>	<p>Report AI effectiveness to users and stakeholders</p> <hr/> <p>Establish goals, standards, terms, and conditions</p> <hr/> <p>Define roles to foster trust and transparency</p> <hr/> <p>Plan for data security and scalability</p> <hr/> <p>Ensure accessibility, equity, and explainability</p> <hr/> <p>Consider downstream impacts of AI</p> <hr/> <p>Incorporate user feedback and documentation</p> <hr/> <p>Report on performance metrics and fairness audits</p> <hr/> <p>Test data and generalization contingencies</p> <hr/>	<p>Train workforce on cybersecurity and privacy roles</p> <hr/> <p>Assess performance of implemented controls</p> <hr/> <p>Identify third-party providers and ensure their compliance</p> <hr/> <p>Perform risk assessment on third-party providers</p> <hr/> <p>Maintain third-party audit records</p> <hr/> <p>Ensure documentation of third-party systems</p> <hr/> <p>Implement processes for third parties to report vulnerabilities</p> <hr/>

Stage 5: Pilot

Usefulness, Usability, & Efficacy	Fairness, Equity, & Bias Management	Safety	Transparency, Intelligibility, & Accountability	Security & Privacy
<p>Communicate AI capabilities to end users</p> <hr/> <p>Compare anticipated and actual benefits, risks, and costs</p> <hr/> <p>Re-assess usability in clinical environment</p> <hr/> <p>Manage clinician disagreements with AI output</p> <hr/> <p>Assess user actions after AI interaction</p> <hr/>	<p>Assess real-world outcomes for bias</p> <hr/> <p>Ensure representativeness of pilot site and approach</p> <hr/> <p>Evaluate human interaction and workflow impact</p> <hr/>	<p>Implement risk management and mitigation methods</p> <hr/> <p>Maintain monitoring for adverse events and serious adverse events</p> <hr/> <p>Implement a structured, transparent decision-making process</p> <hr/> <p>Mitigate automation bias</p> <hr/> <p>Establish robust reporting and recall procedures</p> <hr/> <p>Continue human factors evaluation</p> <hr/> <p>Regularly review AI solution's relevance and obsolescence</p> <hr/>	<p>Evaluate system's capacity to handle errors and data volume</p> <hr/> <p>Provide education/training for end users</p> <hr/> <p>Identify ongoing audit monitoring methods</p> <hr/> <p>Assess end user experience</p> <hr/> <p>Consider continuous reporting methods</p> <hr/> <p>Communicate model limitations to users and patients</p> <hr/> <p>Ensure transparency in clinical trials</p> <hr/>	<p>Include stakeholder privacy preferences in algorithm design</p> <hr/> <p>Implement and review audit log records</p> <hr/> <p>Establish configuration change control processes</p> <hr/> <p>Ensure an incident response plan is in place</p> <hr/> <p>Establish delivery and resilience requirements for critical AI services</p> <hr/> <p>Examine and document privacy and cybersecurity risks</p> <hr/> <p>Incorporate contextual factors into AI design</p> <hr/>

## Stage 6: Deploy and Monitor

Usefulness, Usability, & Efficacy	Fairness, Equity, & Bias Management	Safety	Transparency, Intelligibility, & Accountability	Security & Privacy
<p>Re-assess usability in the clinical environment</p> <hr/> <p>Evaluate AI integration in workflow</p> <hr/> <p>Monitor AI solution performance over time</p> <hr/> <p>Manage clinician disagreements with AI output</p> <hr/> <p>Solicit and use end user feedback</p> <hr/> <p>Compare anticipated and actual benefits, risks, and costs</p> <hr/> <p>Assess user actions after AI interaction</p> <hr/> <p>Support user trust building</p> <hr/> <p>Define inclusion/exclusion criteria for patients</p>	<p>Monitor data drift impacts on bias</p> <hr/> <p>Identify responsible parties for monitoring bias</p> <hr/> <p>Mitigate model drift impacts on fairness</p> <hr/> <p>Monitor system bias impacts effectively</p> <hr/> <p>Facilitate feedback from impacted populations</p> <hr/> <p>Assess risks of performance drift from pilot to full deployment</p> <hr/> <p>Monitor AI system performance and parity</p> <hr/> <p>Clarify accountability for data/model breaches</p> <hr/> <p>Evaluate transition impacts from pilot to full deployment</p> <hr/> <p>Inform affected groups about AI role</p> <hr/> <p>Provide end-user feedback loops</p>	<p>Implement risk management and assessment methods</p> <hr/> <p>Maintain monitoring for adverse events and serious adverse events</p> <hr/> <p>Regularly review AI relevance and obsolescence</p> <hr/> <p>Establish robust reporting and recall procedures</p> <hr/> <p>Implement proper access controls and audit trails</p> <hr/> <p>Report unintended uses of AI solution</p> <hr/> <p>Conduct impact analysis on safety and benefit measures</p> <hr/> <p>Mitigate automation bias</p> <hr/> <p>Ensure AI solutions are labeled with development information</p> <hr/> <p>Ensure end-of-life (EOL) processes are clear</p> <hr/> <p>Use assurance techniques for supply chain risk management</p> <hr/> <p>Ensure updates maintain safety and effectiveness</p>	<p>Report effectiveness to end users and stakeholders</p> <hr/> <p>Ensure patients are aware of AI use</p> <hr/> <p>Maintain access to project-related and model information</p>	<p>Support incident response plans with impact assessments</p> <hr/> <p>Notify stakeholders about cybersecurity incidents or privacy events</p> <hr/> <p>Continuously evaluate privacy risk</p> <hr/> <p>Assess and communicate compliance with legal requirements</p>

# USE CASE PROFILES

## Predictive EHR Risk

Pediatric Asthma  
Exacerbation

- A.** Privacy and security measures are crucial as the AI application integrates with patient data from the EHR.
- B.** The solution predicts asthma exacerbations in pediatric patients using EHR data.
- C.** Additional or specific privacy and security measures, such as requiring authentication for access, may be needed.

## Imaging Diagnostic

Mammography

- A.** AI solutions in medical imaging, such as mammography, require FDA clearance.
- B.** Organizations must ensure compliance with federal regulations throughout the development and deployment process.
- C.** Clear documentation of compliance and adherence to regulations is essential.

## Generative AI

EHR Query and  
Extraction

- A.** This use case addresses the challenge of navigating vast, unstructured EHR data.
- B.** Compliance with local privacy laws and international standards, such as GDPR and HIPAA, is essential.
- C.** Establishing specific goals and outcome measures for the AI tool, and handling adverse events or system failures, is crucial.

## Claims-Based Outpatient

Care Management

- A.** End users, including physicians and nurses, must be able to control and override AI recommendations.
- B.** Monitoring model drift and ensuring instructions are tailored to different user types are critical considerations.
- C.** Assigning responsibility for monitoring to the appropriate individuals is essential for effective implementation.

## Clinical Ops & Administration

Prior Authorization  
with Medical Coding

- A.** This use case involves automating prior authorization processes using AI.
- B.** Ensuring transparency and understanding of model outputs among end users is vital.
- C.** Providing clear guidelines for using AI outputs and integrating human oversight is necessary.

## Genomics

Precision Oncology  
with Genomic  
Markers

- A.** Integrating clinical data, genomic insights, and clinical trial findings to identify the best treatment for patients.
- B.** Transparency about biases in datasets and clear documentation are crucial.
- C.** Addressing underrepresentation of certain demographics in clinical trials is essential for fairness and accuracy.

